

## Pre-School Assessment Criteria and Coverage



	Communication and Language	<u>Autumn</u>	<b>Spring</b>	Summer
	To take turns when speaking in conversation.			
& ing	To begin to use new vocabulary in different contexts.			
Attention & Jnderstanding	To be able to explain the meaning of new words.			
ent	To be able to follow a 2-step instruction.			
Att	To be able to pay attention to more than one thing at a time.			
<u> </u>	To remember and talk about key events from a familiar story.			
	To be able speak in sentences of 4 to 6 words.			
-	To share ideas or give a simple statement.			
<u>ه</u>	To ask and answer simple 'what', 'why' or 'where' questions.			
Speaking	To express their wants, needs, and feelings using words.			
bes	To begin to use conjunctions (e.g. "because", "and") when speaking.			
-	To use talk to plan and organise their play			
-	To use repeated phrases or longer story sentences during role play or storytelling			
	Understanding the World			
	To be able to name and talk about their family members.			
History	To be able to identify their own position in their family.			
His	To be able to talk about their own past.			
	To be able to describe their home.			
-	Can name their local area and describe some features of it. E.g. Hilly, Green			
<u></u>	Know that there are different countries in the world.			
aphy				
Geogr	Are able to identify some differences between the countries of the world using			
Ğ .	photos and videos.			
-	To know the name of the country they live in (England/UK)			
	To talk about where they live and places they visit (e.g., shops, parks).			
-	To recognise that everyone is different and that is a good thing.			
PSHE	Begin to identify and ask questions about a range of occupations.			
<u>a</u>	To name people who help us at school.			
	To recognise the emergency services.			
-	Can name and identify a range of weather types.			
-	Can name the 4 seasons and some features of each season.			
a)	Can identify some plants and flowers.			
Science	Can explain simply how a plant grows.			
Sci	Understand simple key features of the life cycle of a plant and animal.			
-	Can explain simply how to take care of an animal.			
-	Can talk about the differences between materials.			
	To talk about the different forces they feel.			
_	To be able to recount a simple story told or heard by Jesus.			
RE	To understand a Christian festival. E.g. Easter/Christmas			
	To be able to talk about other religions or festivals E.g. Diwali, Chinese New Year, etc.			
_	To be able to explore and use simple technology with support.			
ICT	To begin to understand cause and effect when using technology. (pressing a button			
	makes a toy move, touching the screen changes an image)			
	Literacy			
bo	To be able to write some or all of their name independently.			
Writing	To be able to form the letters in their name correctly.			
Wri	To give meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write and paint.			
	To make marks with meaning for a purpose, e.g. pretend letter writing.			
Wor	To orally blend some simple words.			
	To show interest in letters and sounds in the environment (e.g., signs, labels).			



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	To be able to identify the initial sound of some words.	
	To orally segment some simple words.	
	To be able to sing a range of nursery rhymes and songs.	
	To be able to identify environmental and instrumental sounds.	
	To be able to clap and count out syllables.	
	To be able to identify rhyming words.	
	To begin to understand what alliteration is.	
	To join in with rhymes and familiar stories with repeated refrains.	
	To be able to read and recognise their name.	
	To make simple predictions about stories or information books.	
	To be able to recall a fact from a familiar story.	
	To be able to recall a fact from a non-fiction book.	
_	To be able to recount a story that is familiar to them.	
Comprehension	To engage with a book independently or with an adult for pleasure or information	
her	Understand that print can have different purposes.	
pre	To understand that print has meaning.	
Som	Understand that we read from left to right.	
	Understand that we read from top to bottom.	
	To understand how to turn pages in the correct order when reading.	
	To be able to identify some simple parts of a book (e.g. front cover, title, pictures).	
	Physical Development	
	Can hop, skip and balance on one leg with growing control.	
	Can make large movements using arms, legs, and whole body.	
_	Can jump and land safely on both feet.	
loto	Can run with control and jump with two feet.	
N S	Can safely ride a balance bike.	
Gross Motor	Can put on their coat. (They may not be able to fasten the zip.)	
·	Can move larger objects with help from an adult or peer.	
	Can go up and down stairs or climb safely using alternate feet.	
	Can put on own shoes or wellies with increasing independence.	
	Can begin to dress and undress independently (e.g. undoing buttons).	
or	Can make snips using scissors.	
Not	Shows preference of a dominant hand.	
Fine Motor	Can use a pencil, paint brush or other one-handed tool.	
进	Developing a comfortable grip using a tripod hold for drawing and writing tools.	
	Can thread beads or string through large holes to develop hand—eye coordination.	
	Expressive Art and Design Uses tools and equipment safely and with guidance	
<b>—</b>	Uses tools and equipment safely and with guidance.  Can join a variety of materials to create textures or structures.	
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	Can experiment with a range of tools to complete a task.	
	Draws simple figures, such as a face, using circles and added features.	
ب	Expresses feelings or experiences through drawing or painting.	
Art	Can explore what happens when colours are mixed.	
	Talks about an artist or artwork they have explored.	
	Creates representations that reflect ideas, feelings or experiences	
	Can listen to sounds, rhymes and songs.	
	Can sing a song by heart.	
Sic	Joins in with familiar tunes, sometimes matching pitch and rhythm.	
Music	Can create their own simple songs or tunes.	
	Can name a few common instruments.	
	Has tried to play a range of instruments from a range of families. E.g. Percussion, etc.	
	Responds to music and expresses preferences or feelings about it.	



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	Be able to take part in pretend play.	
Play	Be able to create imaginary story lines in their play.	
	Can have an object represent something else when playing.	
lmag	Uses small-world play to create imaginative scenes and stories.	
	Personal, Social & Emotional Development	
	To be able to identify compathing that they are good at	
Self- egulation	Begins to share and take turns with support.	
Self- gulati	To be able to identify some of their own emotions	
Reg	To be able to identify some of their own emotions.  Seeks help from a familiar adult when faced with conflict.	
	To be able wash their hands independently.	
<u> </u>		
s Self	To be able to identify when they need the toilet.	
Managing	To be able to use the toilet independently.	
ana	Talks about the importance of brushing their teeth	
Ξ	Begins to brush teeth with some adult support	
	Can understand which parts of their body are private.	
g ship	To have formed a secure relationship with an adult.	
Building elationship	To have formed a friendship with an about the	
Bui elat	To have formed a friendship with another child.	
Ä		
	Maths	
	To recognise numbers to 5.	
	Beginning to recognise numbers to 10.	
	Can count forwards to 5, sometimes to 10, and back from 5.	
	Can count items up to 10 items using 1:1 correspondance.	
ber	Can subitise up to 3.	
Number	To be able to show finger numbers up to 5.	
Z	To be able to Identify the digit and match it to its number up to 5.	
	To experiment with mathematical symbols.	
	Beginning to form digits up to 5 correctly.	
	To compare quantities and use the terms more and fewer.	
	To be able to identify numbers up to 5 in different representations.	
_	To be able to copy an ABAB repeating pattern.	
Pattern	To be able to extend an ABAB repeating pattern.	
Pat	To be able to create their own AB pattern.	
	Beginning to correct an incorrect AB pattern.	
9	To understand and comprehend a range of positional language.	
Space	Uses positional language such as under, on top, behind, etc.	
	To describe a familiar route using positional language.	
<b>a</b> )	To be able to name some 2D shapes (circle, triangle, square.	
Shape	To be able to describe 2D shapes using informal words.	
Σ	To be able to use 2D and 3D shapes in their play. E.g. Building	
0.	To be able to combine two shapes to make a new one.	
asure	To be able to compare the mass of items.	
Meas	Begins to explore weight and mass using hands or simple scales.	
2	To be able compare the length, width and height of items.	
	Can join in with days of the week songs or routines.	
Je	To know the month of their birthday.	
Time	To know the 4 seasons of the year.	
	To use words such as first, then to describe the sequence of events.	
	To be able to talk about the immediate past and future.	